
Kenexa Proveit Sample Questions

Kenexa Proveit Sample Questions *Downloaded from* old.oplm.com *by Carter & Johns*

MASTERING THE KENEXA PROVEIT TEST: A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE WITH SAMPLE QUESTIONS

In today's competitive job market, pre-employment assessments have become a critical gatekeeper for many organizations. Among the most widely used and respected testing platforms is Kenexa Proveit, now part of the IBM Kenexa suite. These assessments are

designed to evaluate a candidate's cognitive abilities, technical skills, and behavioral traits. Whether you are applying for an entry-level position or a senior management role, understanding the format and content of these tests can significantly improve your chances of success. One of the most effective ways to prepare is by reviewing Kenexa Proveit sample questions. This article provides an in-depth exploration of these assessments, offers realistic sample questions across several categories, and outlines proven strategies to help you perform at your best.

WHAT IS KENEXA PROVEIT?

Kenexa Proveit is a comprehensive assessment platform used by employers to screen candidates for a wide range of roles. The platform offers over 4,000 different assessments, covering skills such as typing speed, Microsoft Office proficiency, programming languages, customer service aptitude, and general cognitive ability. Companies like IBM, Coca-Cola, and Amazon have used Kenexa assessments as part of their hiring process. The tests are typically timed and administered online, either at home or at a testing center.

The purpose of these assessments is to provide objective data about a candidate's abilities. Unlike a resume, which can be embellished, a Proveit test

offers a standardized measure of your skills. This is why employers place significant weight on the results. Familiarizing yourself with Kenexa Proveit sample questions is not just a good idea; it is a strategic step toward securing the job you want.

TYPES OF KENEXA PROVEIT ASSESSMENTS

Before diving into sample questions, it helps to understand the different categories of assessments you might encounter.

Cognitive Ability

Tests

These tests measure your verbal reasoning, numerical reasoning, and logical thinking. They are designed to assess how quickly and accurately you can process information, solve problems, and draw conclusions. Employers use these tests to predict job performance, especially in roles that require critical thinking and decision-making.

Skills Tests

Skills assessments evaluate your proficiency in specific areas. Common examples include Microsoft Excel, Word, PowerPoint, typing, data entry, and programming languages like Java or

Python. These tests are practical and directly relevant to the duties of the job.

Behavioral and Personality Assessments

These assessments help employers determine whether your personality and work style fit the company culture. They often present situational questions and ask you to rate how strongly you agree or disagree with certain statements.

WHY KENEXA PROVEIT SAMPLE QUESTIONS MATTER

Practicing with sample questions offers

several distinct advantages. First, it familiarizes you with the test format, reducing anxiety on test day. Second, it helps you identify your strengths and weaknesses so you can focus your study efforts. Third, it improves your time management skills, which is crucial because these tests are almost always timed. Fourth, repeated exposure to the types of questions asked can significantly boost your confidence and speed. In short, reviewing Kenexa Proveit sample questions is one of the most efficient ways to prepare.

SAMPLE KENEXA PROVEIT QUESTIONS BY CATEGORY

Below are realistic sample questions modeled after the actual Kenexa Proveit assessments. Use these to practice and

gauge your readiness.

Verbal Reasoning Sample Questions

Verbal reasoning tests evaluate your ability to understand written information and draw logical conclusions. You will typically read a passage and answer questions based on it.

Passage: The company's new recycling initiative has reduced waste by 35% in the first quarter. Employees are encouraged to separate paper, plastic,

and glass into designated bins. The program has been well-received, with 90% of staff participating. However, the cost of implementing the program has been higher than anticipated due to the need for specialized collection services.

Question: Which of the following statements is supported by the passage?

1. The recycling program has been a financial success.
2. Employee participation in the program is mandatory.
3. The program has reduced waste by more than a third.
4. Specialized collection services were not part of the original budget.

Answer: Option C is correct. The passage states the initiative reduced

waste by 35%, which is more than a third. Option A is incorrect because costs were higher than anticipated. Option B is incorrect because participation was encouraged, not mandated. Option D is not directly supported by the passage.

Numerical Reasoning Sample Questions

Numerical reasoning questions test your ability to work with numbers, interpret data, and perform calculations quickly.

Question: A store sells a laptop for

\$840 after a 20% discount. What was the original price of the laptop?

1. \$1,000
2. \$1,050
3. \$1,200
4. \$960

Answer: Option B is correct. If the discounted price is \$840 and that represents 80% of the original price, then the original price is \$840 divided by 0.80, which equals \$1,050.

Question: A company's revenue in Year 1 was \$500,000. In Year 2, revenue increased by 15%. In Year 3, revenue increased by another 10% from Year 2. What was the revenue in Year 3?

1. \$632,500
2. \$625,000

3. \$660,000
4. \$575,000

Answer: Option A is correct. Year 2 revenue: \$500,000 times 1.15 equals \$575,000. Year 3 revenue: \$575,000 times 1.10 equals \$632,500.

Logical Reasoning Sample Questions

Logical reasoning questions assess your ability to identify patterns, sequences, and relationships.

Question: Look at this sequence: 3, 6, 11, 18, 27, ? What number should come next?

1. 36
2. 38
3. 40
4. 42

Answer: Option B is correct. The pattern is adding increasing odd numbers: 3 plus 3 equals 6, 6 plus 5 equals 11, 11 plus 7 equals 18, 18 plus 9 equals 27, and 27 plus 11 equals 38.

Question: All managers in the company are required to attend the leadership workshop. Sarah is a manager in the company. Which of the following conclusions is valid?

1. Sarah will attend the leadership

workshop.

2. Only managers will attend the workshop.
3. Sarah is not required to attend.
4. Some non-managers will attend the workshop.

Answer: Option A is correct. The premise says all managers must attend, and Sarah is a manager, so she must attend. The other options are not logically supported.

Microsoft Excel Sample

Questions

For many office roles, Excel proficiency is essential. These questions test your knowledge of formulas, functions, and spreadsheet operations.

Question: Which Excel function would you use to count the number of cells in a range that contain numbers?

1. COUNTA
2. COUNT
3. COUNTIF
4. SUM

Answer: Option B is correct. The COUNT function counts only cells containing numerical values. COUNTA counts all non-empty cells. COUNTIF counts cells that meet a condition. SUM adds values.

Question: You have a list of employee names in column A and their sales figures in column B. You want to find the highest sales figure. Which formula should you use?

1. =MAX(B:B)
2. =LARGE(B:B,1)
3. =HIGH(B:B)
4. Both A and B are correct.

Answer: Option D is correct. The MAX function returns the largest value, and LARGE with a rank of 1 also returns the largest value. There is no HIGH function in Excel.

Typing Test Sample

Typing assessments measure your speed and accuracy. You will be given a passage to type within a set time. A common metric is net words per minute, which accounts for errors. Practicing with timed typing exercises can help you improve. Try typing the following passage as quickly and accurately as possible:

"Effective communication is a cornerstone of professional success. Whether you are writing an email, preparing a report, or speaking in a meeting, clarity and precision matter. Employers value candidates who can

express ideas concisely and correctly."

HOW TO PREPARE FOR THE KENEXA PROVEIT TEST

Preparation goes beyond just reviewing sample questions. Here are actionable strategies to help you excel.

Understand the Test Format

Before test day, confirm which specific assessment you will take. Will it be a cognitive ability test, a skills test, or a combination? Knowing this allows you to tailor your preparation.

Practice Under Timed Conditions

Time pressure is one of the biggest challenges. Set a timer and practice answering questions within the given time limits. This will train you to work quickly without sacrificing accuracy.

Review Basic Concepts

For numerical tests, brush up on percentages, ratios, averages, and basic algebra. For verbal tests, practice reading comprehension and logical deduction. For software tests, revisit the

most common features and shortcuts.

Use Official and Reliable Resources

While there are many free resources online, be selective. Look for practice tests that closely mimic the actual Kenexa Proveit format. Some websites offer simulated tests that replicate the interface and timing.

Focus on Your

Weak Areas

After taking a few practice tests, identify the question types that give you the most trouble. Spend extra time on those areas. For example, if you struggle with data interpretation, practice reading charts and tables.

Rest and Stay Calm

Finally, ensure you are well-rested before the test. Anxiety can impair performance, so take deep breaths and approach each question methodically. If you get stuck on a question, move on and return to it if time permits.

COMMON MISTAKES TO AVOID

Even well-prepared candidates can make avoidable errors. Here are some pitfalls to watch out for.

- **Not reading the instructions carefully.** Each test section may have different rules. Skipping instructions can lead to costly mistakes.
- **Spending too much time on one question.** If you are stuck, make an educated guess and move on. Every question is worth the same, so prioritize volume.
- **Ignoring the timing.** Keep an eye on the clock. If you are falling behind, adjust your pace.
- **Neglecting to check your work.** If you finish early, review your

answers. A simple calculation error can change your score.

- **Overthinking.** Many questions are straightforward. Trust your first instinct unless you are sure it is wrong.

SAMPLE QUESTION

WALKTHROUGH: A STEP-BY-STEP APPROACH

Let us walk through a typical numerical reasoning question from a Kenexa

Proveit sample set to illustrate effective problem-solving.

Question: A factory produces 1,200 units per day. After a process improvement, production increases by 8%. How many units does the factory produce per day after the improvement?

1. 1,296
2. 1,280
3. 1,300
4. 1,250

Step 1